

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2018 (UNAUDITED)

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018 (unaudited)

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**REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF ABU DHABI ISLAMIC BANK PJSC**

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC (“the Bank”) and its subsidiaries (together “the Group”) as at 30 June 2018, comprising of the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018 and the related interim condensed consolidated statement of income and interim condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three month and six month periods then ended and the interim condensed consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six month period then ended and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting (“IAS 34”). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.” A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.



Signed by
Raed Ahmad
Partner
Ernst & Young
Registration No. 811

15 July 2018
Abu Dhabi

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

Three months and six months ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

	Notes	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
		<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
		<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
		<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
OPERATING INCOME					
Income from murabaha, mudaraba and wakala with financial institutions		25,751	14,241	50,384	26,424
Income from murabaha, mudaraba, ijara and other Islamic financing from customers	5	1,063,645	1,041,542	2,129,030	2,123,880
Income from Islamic sukuk measured at amortised cost		85,948	92,916	155,288	180,206
Income from investments measured at fair value	6	21,523	20,550	57,042	49,016
Share of results of associates and joint ventures		13,627	10,231	23,935	13,358
Fees and commission income, net	7	246,444	273,657	477,742	499,027
Foreign exchange income		58,888	76,823	119,380	148,268
Income from investment properties		2,736	5,503	5,252	9,649
Other income		6,597	9,782	12,655	9,861
		<u>1,525,159</u>	<u>1,545,245</u>	<u>3,030,708</u>	<u>3,059,689</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Employees' costs	8	(365,790)	(349,673)	(724,279)	(699,488)
General and administrative expenses	9	(193,745)	(222,163)	(394,177)	(445,195)
Depreciation		(51,520)	(41,731)	(102,530)	(83,473)
Amortisation of intangibles	24	(13,651)	(13,651)	(27,151)	(27,192)
Provision for impairment, net	10	(165,333)	(216,418)	(315,222)	(380,769)
		<u>(790,039)</u>	<u>(843,636)</u>	<u>(1,563,359)</u>	<u>(1,636,117)</u>
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS, BEFORE DISTRIBUTION TO DEPOSITORS AND SUKUK HOLDERS					
		735,120	701,609	1,467,349	1,423,572
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	11	(160,296)	(137,263)	(301,912)	(277,591)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD BEFORE ZAKAT AND TAX					
		574,824	564,346	1,165,437	1,145,981
Zakat and tax		(2,139)	(12,744)	(2,394)	(16,908)
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD AFTER ZAKAT AND TAX					
		<u>572,685</u>	<u>551,602</u>	<u>1,163,043</u>	<u>1,129,073</u>
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		572,530	551,312	1,162,702	1,128,239
Non-controlling interest		155	290	341	834
		<u>572,685</u>	<u>551,602</u>	<u>1,163,043</u>	<u>1,129,073</u>
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shares (AED)	12	<u>0.131</u>	<u>0.125</u>	<u>0.317</u>	<u>0.307</u>

The attached notes 1 to 39 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Three months and six months ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

	Notes	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
		<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
		<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
		<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD AFTER ZAKAT AND TAX		572,685	551,602	1,163,043	1,129,073
Other comprehensive income (loss)					
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to consolidated income statement</i>					
Net movement on valuation of investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	29	(1,693)	-	(1,693)	(177)
Directors' remuneration paid	34	-	(4,900)	(4,900)	(4,900)
<i>Items that may be subsequently reclassified to consolidated income statement</i>					
Net movement in valuation of investment in Islamic sukuk carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	29	(8,637)	-	(33,309)	-
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	29	(6,757)	10,918	(78,274)	(22,302)
Gain (loss) on hedge of foreign operations	29	20,869	(14,736)	8,369	(18,403)
Fair value (loss) gain on cash flow hedge	29	(583)	(537)	(2,954)	1,841
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		<u>3,199</u>	<u>(9,255)</u>	<u>(112,761)</u>	<u>(43,941)</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		<u>575,884</u>	<u>542,347</u>	<u>1,050,282</u>	<u>1,085,132</u>
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Bank		575,729	542,057	1,049,941	1,084,298
Non-controlling interest		<u>155</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>341</u>	<u>834</u>
		<u>575,884</u>	<u>542,347</u>	<u>1,050,282</u>	<u>1,085,132</u>

The attached notes 1 to 39 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

		<i>30 June</i>	<i>Audited</i>
		<i>2018</i>	<i>31 December</i>
	<i>Notes</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with central banks	13	20,412,179	21,467,205
Balances and wakala deposits with			
Islamic banks and other financial institutions	14	2,622,714	2,765,903
Murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions	15	1,572,954	2,125,249
Murabaha and other Islamic financing	16	32,552,072	33,249,315
Ijara financing	17	43,751,266	43,280,319
Investment in Islamic sukuk measured at amortised cost	18	9,817,473	10,052,028
Investments measured at fair value	19	3,036,576	1,526,490
Investment in associates and joint ventures	20	1,003,120	988,788
Investment properties	21	1,090,151	1,093,383
Development properties	22	837,381	837,381
Other assets	23	3,744,318	3,463,518
Property and equipment		2,159,752	2,062,677
Goodwill and intangibles	24	<u>338,192</u>	<u>365,343</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>122,938,148</u>	<u>123,277,599</u>
LIABILITIES			
Due to financial institutions	25	2,189,050	3,688,558
Depositors' accounts	26	101,184,382	100,003,619
Other liabilities	27	<u>3,023,562</u>	<u>3,012,258</u>
Total liabilities		<u>106,396,994</u>	<u>106,704,435</u>
EQUITY			
Share capital	28	3,168,000	3,168,000
Legal reserve		2,102,465	2,102,465
General reserve		1,716,447	1,716,447
Credit risk reserve		400,000	400,000
Retained earnings		4,300,404	3,301,713
Proposed dividend	37	-	914,530
Proposed dividend to charity		-	29,230
Other reserves	29	(829,064)	(743,182)
Tier 1 sukuk	30	<u>5,672,500</u>	<u>5,672,500</u>
Equity attributable to the equity and			
Tier 1 sukuk holders of the Bank		16,530,752	16,561,703
Non-controlling interest		<u>10,402</u>	<u>11,461</u>
Total equity		<u>16,541,154</u>	<u>16,573,164</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		<u>122,938,148</u>	<u>123,277,599</u>
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS	31	<u>10,672,439</u>	<u>12,635,809</u>

Director

Vice Chairman &
Acting Chief Executive Officer

The attached notes 1 to 39 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

<i>Attributable to the equity and Tier 1 sukuk holders of the Bank</i>												
Notes	Share capital AED '000	Legal reserve AED '000	General reserve AED '000	Credit risk reserve AED '000	Retained earnings AED '000	Proposed dividend AED '000	Proposed dividend to charity AED '000	Other reserves AED '000	Tier 1 sukuk AED '000	Total AED '000	Non-controlling interest AED '000	Total equity AED '000
Balance at 1 January 2018 - audited	3,168,000	2,102,465	1,716,447	400,000	3,301,713	914,530	29,230	(743,182)	5,672,500	16,561,703	11,461	16,573,164
Transition adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 (note 4)	4	-	-	-	(588)	-	-	21,979	-	21,391	-	21,391
Balance at 1 January 2018 - adjusted	3,168,000	2,102,465	1,716,447	400,000	3,301,125	914,530	29,230	(721,203)	5,672,500	16,583,094	11,461	16,594,555
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	1,162,702	-	-	-	-	1,162,702	341	1,163,043
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(4,900)	-	-	(107,861)	-	(112,761)	-	(112,761)
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk – Listed	30	-	-	-	(117,079)	-	-	-	-	(117,079)	-	(117,079)
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk – Government of Abu Dhabi	30	-	-	-	(41,444)	-	-	-	-	(41,444)	-	(41,444)
Dividends paid	37	-	-	-	-	(914,530)	-	-	-	(914,530)	(1,400)	(915,930)
Dividends paid to charity	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,230)	-	-	(29,230)	-	(29,230)
Balance at 30 June 2018 - unaudited	<u>3,168,000</u>	<u>2,102,465</u>	<u>1,716,447</u>	<u>400,000</u>	<u>4,300,404</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(829,064)</u>	<u>5,672,500</u>	<u>16,530,752</u>	<u>10,402</u>	<u>16,541,154</u>
Balance at 1 January 2017 - audited	3,168,000	2,102,465	1,494,721	400,000	2,487,099	776,782	30,000	(683,768)	5,672,500	15,447,799	10,842	15,458,641
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	1,128,239	-	-	-	-	1,128,239	834	1,129,073
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(4,900)	-	-	(39,041)	-	(43,941)	-	(43,941)
Loss on disposal of investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	29	-	-	-	(177)	-	-	177	-	-	-	-
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk - Listed	30	-	-	-	(117,079)	-	-	-	-	(117,079)	-	(117,079)
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk – Government of Abu Dhabi	30	-	-	-	(38,795)	-	-	-	-	(38,795)	-	(38,795)
Dividends paid	37	-	-	-	-	(776,782)	-	-	-	(776,782)	(750)	(777,532)
Dividends paid to charity	-	-	-	-	-	-	(30,000)	-	-	(30,000)	-	(30,000)
Balance at 30 June 2017 - unaudited	<u>3,168,000</u>	<u>2,102,465</u>	<u>1,494,721</u>	<u>400,000</u>	<u>3,454,387</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(722,632)</u>	<u>5,672,500</u>	<u>15,569,441</u>	<u>10,926</u>	<u>15,580,367</u>

The attached notes 1 to 39 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Six months ended 30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2017 AED '000</i>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the period		1,163,043	1,129,073
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on investment properties	21	3,232	5,660
Depreciation on property and equipment		99,298	77,813
Amortisation of intangibles	24	27,151	27,192
Share of results of associates and joint ventures		(23,935)	(13,358)
Dividend income	6	(590)	(286)
Realised loss (gain) on sale of investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	6	5,229	(13,642)
Unrealised loss (gain) on investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	6	18,856	(4,585)
Realised gain on islamic sukuk carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	6	(8,045)	-
Provision for impairment, net	10	315,222	380,769
Gain on sale of investment properties		-	(1,965)
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities		1,599,461	1,586,671
Increase in balances with central banks		(4,273,891)	(1,795,771)
Decrease (increase) in balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions		55,934	(65,076)
(Increase) decrease in murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions		(944,102)	3,375
Decrease in murabaha and other Islamic financing		445,001	2,191,585
Increase in ijara financing		(552,146)	(1,113,547)
Purchase of investments carried at fair value through profit or loss		(4,228,675)	(6,521,874)
Proceeds from sale of investments carried at fair value through profit or loss		3,752,172	5,851,826
Increase in other assets		(271,749)	(454,555)
Increase in due to financial institutions		1,014,187	1,055
Increase in depositors' accounts		1,182,672	1,214,006
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities		(87,801)	377,338
Cash (used in) from operations		(2,308,937)	1,275,033
Directors' remuneration paid		(4,900)	(4,900)
Net cash (used in) from operating activities		(2,313,837)	1,270,133
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Dividend received	6	590	286
Net movement in investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income		806,181	(14,903)
Net movement in investments carried at amortised cost		(1,636,647)	(1,535,089)
Net movement in associates and joint ventures		5,148	-
Proceeds from sale of investment properties		-	7,400
Purchase of property and equipment		(196,373)	(126,633)
Net cash used in investing activities		(1,021,101)	(1,668,939)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk – Listed	30	(117,079)	(117,079)
Profit paid on Tier 1 sukuk to Government of Abu Dhabi	30	(41,444)	(38,795)
Dividends paid		(916,956)	(780,891)
Net cash used in financing activities		(1,075,479)	(936,765)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,410,417)	(1,335,571)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		10,888,469	6,945,518
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 30 JUNE	33	6,478,052	5,609,947
Operating cash flows from profit on balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions, murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions, customer financing, Islamic sukuk and customer deposits are as follows:			
Profit received		2,382,908	2,489,095
Profit paid to depositors and sukuk holders		384,955	231,462

The attached notes 1 to 39 form part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

1 LEGAL STATUS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC (“the Bank”) was incorporated in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates (UAE), as a public joint stock company with limited liability, in accordance with the provisions of the UAE Federal Commercial Companies Law No. (8) of 1984 (as amended) and the Amiri Decree No. 9 of 1997. The Federal Law No. 2 of 2015, concerning Commercial Companies has replaced the existing Federal Law No. 8 of 1984.

The Bank and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) carry out full banking services, financing and investing activities through various Islamic instruments such as Murabaha, Istisna’a, Mudaraba, Musharaka, Ijara, Wakalah, Sukuk etc. The activities of the Bank are conducted in accordance with Islamic Shari’a, which prohibits usury as determined by the Fatwa and Shari’a Supervisory Board of the Bank, and within the provisions of the Articles and Memorandum of Association of the respective entities within the Group.

In addition to its main office in Abu Dhabi, the Bank operates through its 82 branches in UAE (2017: 81 branches) and 3 overseas branches in Iraq, Qatar and Sudan and subsidiaries in the UAE and the United Kingdom. The interim condensed consolidated financial statements combine the activities of the Bank’s head office, its branches and subsidiaries.

The registered office of the Bank is at P O Box 313, Abu Dhabi, UAE.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15 July 2018.

2 DEFINITIONS

The following terms are used in the consolidated financial statements with the meanings specified:

Murabaha

A sale contract, in which the Group sells to a customer a physical asset, goods, or shares already owned and possessed (either physically or constructively) at a selling price that consists of the purchase cost plus a mark-up profit.

Istisna’a

A sale contract, in which the Group (Al Saanee) sells an asset to be developed using its own materials to a customer (Al Mustasnee) according to pre-agreed upon precise specification, at a specific price, installments dates and to be delivered on a specific date. This developed asset can be either developed directly by the Group or through a subcontractor and then it is handed over to the customer on the pre-agreed upon date.

Ijara

A lease contract whereby the Group (the Lessor) leases to a customer (the Lessee) a service or the usufruct of an owned or rented physical asset either exists currently or to be constructed in future (forward lease) for a specific period of time at specific rental installments. The lease contract could be ended by transferring the ownership of a leased physical asset through an independent mode to the lessee.

Qard Hasan

A non-profit bearing loan that enables the borrower to use the borrowed amounts for a specific period of time, at the end of which the same borrowed amounts would be repaid free of any charges or profits.

2 DEFINITIONS continued

Musharaka

A contract between the Group and a customer to entering into a partnership in an existing project (or to be established), or in the ownership of a specific asset, either on ongoing basis or for a limited time, during which the Group enters in particular arrangements with the customer to sell to him/her its share in this partnership until he/she becomes the sole owner of it (diminishing musharaka). Profits are distributed according to the mutual agreement of the parties as stipulated in the contract; however, losses are borne according to the exact shares in the Musharaka capital on a pro-rata basis.

Mudaraba

A contract between the Group and a customer, whereby one party provides the funds (Rab Al Mal) and the other party (the Mudarib) invests the funds in a project or a particular activity and any generated profits are distributed between the parties according to the profit shares that were pre-agreed upon in the contract. The Mudarib is responsible of all losses caused by his misconduct, negligence or violation of the terms and conditions of the Mudaraba; otherwise, losses are borne by Rab Al Mal.

Wakalah

A contract between the Group and a customer whereby one party (the principal: the Muwakkil) appoints the other party (the agent: Wakil) to invest certain funds according to the terms and conditions of the Wakala for a fixed fee in addition to any profit exceeding the expected profit as an incentive for the Wakil for the good performance. Any losses as a result of the misconduct or negligence or violation of the terms and conditions of the Wakala are borne by the Wakil; otherwise, they are borne by the principal.

Sukuk

Certificates which are equal in value and represent common shares in the ownership of a specific physical asset (leased or to be leased either existing or to be constructed in future), or in the ownership of cash receivables of selling an existing-owned asset, or in the ownership of goods receivables, or in the ownership of the assets of Mudaraba or Partnership companies. In all these cases, the Sukuk holders shall be the owners of their common shares in the leased assets, or in the cash receivables, or the goods receivable, or in the assets of the Partnership or the Mudaraba.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 (a) Statement of compliance

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting and in compliance with general principles of the Shari'a as determined by the Group's Fatwa and Shari'a Supervisory Board.

3.1 (b) Accounting convention

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for investments carried at fair value through profit or loss, investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income, Shari'a compliant alternatives of derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value and land, held as property and equipment, which has been carried at revalued amount.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been presented in UAE Dirhams (AED), which is the functional currency of the Bank and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand AED except where otherwise indicated.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION continued

3.1 (c) Basis of consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Bank and those of its following subsidiaries:

	Activity	Country of incorporation	Percentage of holding	
			2018	2017
Abu Dhabi Islamic Securities Company LLC	Equity brokerage services	United Arab Emirates	95%	95%
Burooj Properties LLC	Real estate investments	United Arab Emirates	100%	100%
MPM Properties LLC	Real estate services	United Arab Emirates	100%	100%
ADIB Invest 1	Equity brokerage services	BVI	100%	100%
Kawader Services Company LLC	Manpower supply	United Arab Emirates	100%	100%
ADIB (UK) Limited	Islamic banking	United Kingdom	100%	100%
ADIB Holdings (Jersey) Ltd* (under liquidation)	Special purpose vehicle	British Channel Islands	-	-
ADIB Sukuk Company Ltd*	Special purpose vehicle	Cayman Island	-	-
ADIB Sukuk Company II Ltd*	Special purpose vehicle	Cayman Island	-	-
ADIB Capital Invest 1 Ltd*	Special purpose vehicle	Cayman Island	-	-
ADIB Capital Invest 2 Ltd*	Special purpose vehicle	Cayman Island	-	-
ADIB Alternatives Ltd*	Special purpose vehicle	Cayman Island	-	-

*The Bank does not have any direct holding in these entities and they are considered to be a subsidiary by virtue of control.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the operations of the subsidiaries over which the Bank has control. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the Bank, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

Non-controlling interest represent the portion of the net income or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries not held by the Group and are presented separately in the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive and within equity in the interim consolidated statement of financial position, separately shareholders' equity of the Bank.

3.2 Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgment, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of financial assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. These judgments, estimates and assumptions also affect the revenue, expenses and provisions as well as fair value changes.

These judgments, estimates and assumptions may affect the reported amounts in subsequent financial years. Estimates and judgments are currently evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors. In order to reduce the element of subjectivity, the Group has laid down clear criteria to enable estimation of future cash flows. As estimates are based on judgments, actual results may differ, resulting in future changes in such provisions.

In preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017, except the following estimates and judgements which are applicable from 1 January 2018.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION continued

3.2 Significant judgements and estimates continued

Changes to judgements made in applying accounting policies that have most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the period ended 30 June 2018 pertain to the changes introduced as a result of adoption of IFRS 9: Financial instruments which impact:

- Classification of financial assets: assessment of business model within which the assets are held and assessment of whether the contractual terms of the financial assets are solely payment of principal and profit of the principal amount outstanding.
- Calculation of expected credit loss: changes to the assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant impact on expected credit losses for the period ended 30 June 2018 pertain to the changes introduced as a result of adoption of IFRS 9: Financial instruments. The impact is mainly driven by inputs, assumptions and techniques used for ECL calculation under IFRS 9 methodology.

Key Considerations: Some of the key concepts in IFRS 9 that have the most significant impact and require a high level of judgment, as considered by the Group while determining the impact assessment, are:

Assessment of Significant Increase in Credit Risk: The assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is done on a relative basis. To assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since origination, the Group compares the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial asset at the reporting date to the corresponding risk of default at origination, using key risk indicators that are used in the Group's existing risk management processes.

The assessment of significant increases in credit risk will be performed at least quarterly for each individual exposure based on three factors. If any of the following factors indicates that a significant increase in credit risk has occurred, the instrument will be moved from Stage 1 to Stage 2:

- (i) The Group have established thresholds for significant increases in credit risk based on movement in PDs relative to initial recognition as well as PD thresholds.
- (ii) Additional qualitative reviews will be performed to assess the staging results and make adjustments, as necessary, to better reflect the positions which have significantly increased in risk.
- (iii) IFRS 9 contains a rebuttable presumption that instruments which are 30 days past due have experienced a significant increase in credit risk. Movements between Stage 2 and Stage 3 are based on whether financial assets are credit impaired as at the reporting date. The determination of credit impairment under IFRS 9 will be similar to the individual assessment of financial assets for objective evidence of impairment under IAS 39.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION continued

3.2 Significant judgements and estimates continued

Macroeconomic Factors, Forward Looking Information (FLI) and Multiple Scenarios: The measurement of expected credit losses for each stage and the assessment of significant increases in credit risk must consider information about past events and current conditions as well as reasonable and supportable forecasts of future events and economic conditions. The estimation and application of forward-looking information will require significant judgment.

PD, LGD and EAD inputs used to estimate Stage 1 and Stage 2 credit loss allowances are modelled based on the macroeconomic variables (or changes in macroeconomic variables) that are most closely correlated with credit losses in the relevant portfolio. Each macroeconomic scenario used in our expected credit loss calculation will have forecasts of the relevant macroeconomic variables.

Estimation of expected credit losses in Stage 1 and Stage 2 will be a discounted probability weighted estimate that considers a minimum of three future macroeconomic scenarios.

Base-case, Upside and Downside scenarios, will be based on macroeconomic forecasts received from an external reputable source. These scenarios will be updated on a quarterly basis and more frequently if conditions warrant.

All scenarios considered will be applied to all portfolios subject to expected credit losses with the same probabilities.

Definition of default: The definition of default used in the measurement of expected credit losses and the assessment to determine movement between stages will be consistent with the definition of default used for internal credit risk management purposes. IFRS 9 does not define default, but contains a rebuttable presumption that default has occurred when an exposure is greater than 90 days past due.

Expected Life: When measuring ECL, the Group considers the maximum contractual period over which the Bank is exposed to credit risk. All contractual terms should be considered when determining the expected life, including prepayment options and extension and rollover options. For certain revolving credit facilities that do not have a fixed maturity, the expected life is estimated based on the period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk and where the credit losses would not be mitigated by management actions.

Governance: The Group have established an internal Committee to provide oversight to the IFRS 9 impairment process. The Committee is comprised of senior representatives from Finance and Risk Management and will be responsible for reviewing and approving key inputs and assumptions used in our expected credit loss estimates. It also assesses the appropriateness of the overall allowance results to be included in our financial statements.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not contain all information and disclosures required for full consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2017. In addition, results for the six months ended 30 June 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2018.

As required by Securities and Commodities Authority of UAE ("SCA") notification no. 2635/2008 dated 12 October 2008, accounting policies related to financial instruments as disclosed in the annual consolidated financial statements are provided below:

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

During the period, the Group has applied, for the first time, certain standards and amendments that require restatement of previous financial statements. The nature and the impact of each new standard or amendment are described below:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: In July 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9"), which replaces IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". IFRS 9 addresses all aspects of financial instruments including classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting.

(a) Classification and measurement: The standard requires the Group to consider two criteria when determining the measurement basis for sukuk instruments (e.g. financing, sukuk) held as financial assets:

- (i) its business model for managing those financial assets; and
- (ii) cash flow characteristics of the assets.

Based on these criteria, sukuk instruments are measured at amortized cost, fair value through OCI, or fair value through profit or loss.

Equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. However, the Group may, at initial recognition of a non-trading equity instrument, irrevocably elect to designate the instrument as fair value through OCI, with no subsequent recycling to profit and loss, while recognizing dividend income in profit and loss.

In addition, the Group may, at initial recognition, irrevocably elect to designate a financial asset as fair value through profit or loss, if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch which would otherwise arise. This designation is also available to existing financial assets.

For financial liabilities, there were no changes to classification and measurement.

Effective 1 January 2011, the Group early adopted IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' in line with the provisions of IFRS 9.

(b) Impairment: The standard introduces a new single model for the measurement of impairment losses on all financial assets including financing and sukuk measured at amortized cost or at fair value through OCI. The IFRS 9 expected credit loss (ECL) model replaces the current "incurred loss" model of IAS 39. The ECL model contains a three stage approach which is based on the change in credit quality of financial assets since initial recognition. The ECL model is forward looking and requires the use of reasonable and supportable forecasts of future economic conditions in the determination of significant increases in credit risk and measurement of ECL.

Stage 1: 12-month ECL applies to all financial assets that have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since origination and are not credit impaired. The ECL will be computed using a factor that represents the Probability of Default (PD) occurring over the next 12 months and Loss Given Default (LGD).

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

(b) Impairment: continued

Stage 2: Under Stage 2, where there has been a SICR since initial recognition but the financial instruments are not considered credit impaired, an amount equal to the lifetime ECL will be recorded which is computed using lifetime PD, LGD and Exposure at Default (EAD) measures. Provisions are expected to be higher in this stage because of an increase in risk and the impact of a longer time horizon being considered compared to 12 months in Stage 1.

Stage 3: Under the Stage 3, where there is objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date these financial instruments will be classified as credit impaired and an amount equal to the lifetime ECL will be recorded for the financial assets.

(c) Hedging: IFRS 9 also incorporates new hedge accounting rules that intend to align hedge accounting with risk management practices. IFRS 9 does not cover guidance on macro hedge accounting as IASB is working on it as a separate project. IFRS 9 includes an accounting policy choice to defer the adoption of IFRS 9 hedge accounting and to continue with IAS 39 hedge accounting. The Group, however, has elected to adopt the new hedge accounting provisions of IFRS 9.

(d) Transition impact: In line with the IFRS 9 transition provisions, the Group has elected to record an adjustment to its opening 1 January 2018 retained earnings to reflect the application of the new requirements of Impairment, Classification and Measurement at the adoption date without restating comparative information.

For classification and measurement, the combined application of the contractual cash flow characteristics and business model tests as at January 1, 2018 is expected to result in certain differences in the classification of financial assets when compared to our current classification under IAS 39.

The impact of the adoption on the opening retained earnings and cumulative changes in fair value reserve classified in equity at the beginning of the current year (1 January 2018) is as follows:

	<i>Retained earnings AED '000</i>	<i>Cumulative Changes in fair value reserve AED '000</i>
Fair value movement of investments is Islamic sukuk carried at amortised cost transferred to investment at FVTOCI	-	21,979
Shortfall of provision on re-measurement under IFRS 9	<u>(588)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>(588)</u>	<u>21,979</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

(d) Transition impact: continued

The following table reconciles the closing balance of financial assets under IFRS 9 to the opening balance of financial assets on 1 January 2018.

	<i>As at 31 December 2017 (IFRS 9) AED '000</i>	<i>Re- classification of financial assets and liabilities AED '000</i>	<i>Re- measurement of impairment AED '000</i>	<i>As at 1 January 2018 (IFRS 9) AED '000</i>
Cash and Balances with Central Banks	21,467,205	-	-	21,467,205
Balances and wakala deposits with banks and financial institutions	2,765,903	-	(28,811)	2,737,092
Murabaha and Mudaraba with financial institutions	2,125,249	-	(28)	2,125,221
Murabaha and other Islamic financing	33,249,315	-	(210,804)	33,038,511
Ijara financing	43,280,319	-	258,406	43,538,725
Investment in Islamic sukuk measured at amortised cost	10,052,028	(1,871,896)	(9,759)	8,170,373
Investment measured at fair value	1,526,490	1,893,875	-	3,420,365
Other assets	<u>3,463,518</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(9,592)</u>	<u>3,453,926</u>
	<u>117,930,027</u>	<u>21,979</u>	<u>(588)</u>	<u>117,951,418</u>

(e) Financial instruments: disclosures (IFRS 7): The Group has amended the disclosures for the current period to include more extensive qualitative and quantitative disclosure relating to IFRS 9 such as new classification categories, three stage impairment model, new hedge accounting requirements and transition provisions.

IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers was issued in May 2014 and establishes a new five-step model that will apply to revenue arising from contracts with customers. Under IFRS 15 revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. The principles in IFRS 15 provide a more structured approach to measuring and recognising revenue. The new revenue standard is applicable to all entities and will supersede all current revenue recognition requirements under IFRS. The Group has assessed that the impact of IFRS 15 is not material on the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group as at the reporting date.

Financial Instruments

Recognition and Measurement

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets of the Group are further analysed as:

- Customer financing;
- Balances and wakala deposits Islamic banks and other financial institutions;
- Murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions;
- Investment in sukuk;
- Investment in equity instruments;
- Trade and other receivables; and
- Sharia compliant alternatives of derivatives.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Financial Instruments continued

Recognition and Measurement continued

The Group's customer financing comprise the following:

- Murabaha and other Islamic financing; and
- Ijara financing.

Effective 1 January 2011, the Group early adopted classification and measurement principles of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' in issue at that time in line with the provisions of IFRS 9.

Financial assets are classified in their entirety on the basis of the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial assets are measured either at amortised cost or fair value.

Classification

Financial assets at amortised cost

Murahaba and other Islamic financing and Ijara financing i.e. customer financing and investment in sukuk, are measured at amortised cost, if both the following conditions are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and profit on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Investments in equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, unless the Group designates an investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") on initial recognition.

Other financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria are classified as FVTPL. In addition, certain financial assets that meet the amortised cost criteria but at initial recognition are designated as FVTPL in line with the business model of the Group. A financial asset may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains or losses on them on different basis.

Financial asset are reclassified from amortised cost to FVTPL when the business model is changed such that the amortised cost criteria are no longer met. Reclassification of financial assets that are designated as FVTPL on initial recognition is not allowed.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

At initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as FVTOCI.

A financial asset is FVTPL if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of identified financial instrument that the Group manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a Shari'a compliant alternatives of derivative financial instruments and not designated and effective as a hedging instrument or a financial guarantee.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Financial Instruments continued

Measurement

Financial assets or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost including customer financing and investment in sukuk are measured at amortised cost, less any reduction for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated using the effective profit rate method. Premiums and discounts, including initial transaction costs, are included in the carrying amount of the related instrument and amortised based on the effective profit rate of the instrument.

Balances and deposits with banks and other financial institutions, Murabaha and Mudaraba with financial institutions, Murabaha, Ijara, Mudaraba and certain other Islamic financing are financial assets with fixed or expected profit payments. These assets are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides funds directly to a customer with no intention of trading the receivable. Financial liabilities are liabilities where the Group has a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset or exchange financial instruments under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Group.

Balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions are stated at amortised cost less amounts written off and provision for impairment, if any.

Murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions are stated at amortised cost (which excludes deferred income or expected profits) less provisions for impairment.

Islamic financing consist of murabaha receivables, mudaraba, Istisna'a, Islamic covered cards (murabaha based) and other Islamic financing.

Istisna'a cost is measured and reported in the consolidated financial statements at a value not exceeding the cash equivalent value.

Other Islamic financing are stated at amortised cost (which excludes deferred income) less any provisions for impairment.

The Ijara is classified as a finance lease, when the Bank undertakes to sell the leased assets to the lessee using an independent agreement upon the maturity of the lease and the sale results in transferring all the risks and rewards incident to an ownership of the leased assets to the lessee. Leased assets represents finance lease of assets for periods, which either approximate or cover a major part of the estimated useful lives of such assets. Leased assets are stated at amounts equal to the net investment outstanding in the leases including the income earned thereon less impairment provisions.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in the consolidated income statement. The net gain or loss recognised in the consolidated income statement is included within 'investment income' in the consolidated income statement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES continued

Financial Instruments continued

Measurement continued

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”)

Investments in equity instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cumulative changes in fair values within equity.

For Islamic sukuk measured at FVTOCI, any fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income and accumulated in the cumulative changes in fair values within equity. When the Islamic sukuk measured at FVTOCI, is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to consolidated income statement.

For investments quoted in active market, fair value is determined by reference to quoted market prices.

For other investments, where there is no active market, fair value is normally based on one of the following:

- the expected cash flows discounted at current profit rates applicable for items with similar terms and risk characteristics
- brokers’ quotes
- recent market transactions

Dividends on investment in equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated income statement when the Group’s right to receive the dividend is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of investment.

5 INCOME FROM MURABAHA, MUDARABA, IJARA AND OTHER ISLAMIC FINANCING FROM CUSTOMERS

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED ‘000</i>	<i>AED ‘000</i>	<i>AED ‘000</i>	<i>AED ‘000</i>
Vehicle murabaha	67,316	76,645	138,860	156,370
Goods murabaha	40,709	54,657	96,100	115,967
Share murabaha	258,067	277,508	512,852	559,997
Commodities murabaha – Al Khair	98,469	102,320	195,703	203,300
Islamic covered cards (murabaha)	80,585	83,509	164,863	172,071
Other murabaha	22,400	11,687	43,449	19,175
Total murabaha	567,546	606,326	1,151,827	1,226,880
Mudaraba	609	2,570	2,064	14,583
Ijara	493,768	430,706	971,735	878,612
Istisna’a	1,722	1,940	3,404	3,805
	<u>1,063,645</u>	<u>1,041,542</u>	<u>2,129,030</u>	<u>2,123,880</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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6 INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Income from Islamic sukuk measured at fair value through profit or loss	24,570	14,245	45,652	25,943
Income from Islamic sukuk measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	10,317	-	26,931	-
Realised (loss) gain on sale of investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	(473)	5,483	(5,229)	13,642
Unrealised (loss) gain on investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	(11,881)	(2,641)	(18,856)	4,585
Realised gain on sale of Islamic sukuk carried at fair value through other comprehensive income	345	-	8,045	-
(Loss) income from other investment assets	(1,945)	3,177	(91)	4,560
Dividend income	590	286	590	286
	<u>21,523</u>	<u>20,550</u>	<u>57,042</u>	<u>49,016</u>

7 FEES AND COMMISSION INCOME, NET

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Fees and commission income				
Fees and commission income on cards	190,086	170,153	360,125	321,103
Trade related fees and commission	26,383	28,313	53,617	55,161
Takaful related fees	31,193	34,850	64,565	58,621
Accounts services fees	14,987	18,208	36,025	30,255
Projects and property management fees	14,547	15,948	30,319	32,952
Risk participation and arrangement fees	35,571	48,665	63,323	92,160
Brokerage fees and commission	2,786	4,882	6,071	15,506
Other fees and commissions	75,215	81,879	143,778	159,047
Total fees and commission income	<u>390,768</u>	<u>402,898</u>	<u>757,823</u>	<u>764,805</u>
Fees and commission expenses				
Card related fees and commission expenses	(124,208)	(113,342)	(241,123)	(206,263)
Other fees and commission expenses	(20,116)	(15,899)	(38,958)	(59,515)
Total fees and commission expenses	<u>(144,324)</u>	<u>(129,241)</u>	<u>(280,081)</u>	<u>(265,778)</u>
Fees and commission income, net	<u>246,444</u>	<u>273,657</u>	<u>477,742</u>	<u>499,027</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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8 EMPLOYEES' COSTS

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Salaries and wages	329,464	321,708	654,823	639,131
End of service benefits	15,518	15,485	30,455	31,055
Other staff expenses	20,808	12,480	39,001	29,302
	<u>365,790</u>	<u>349,673</u>	<u>724,279</u>	<u>699,488</u>

9 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Legal and professional expenses	15,337	35,173	37,032	76,525
Premises expenses	67,248	67,373	139,482	133,994
Marketing and advertising expenses	20,551	26,507	36,526	48,483
Communication expenses	19,951	15,567	39,929	31,270
Technology related expenses	31,957	34,402	59,917	68,479
Other operating expenses	38,701	43,141	81,291	86,444
	<u>193,745</u>	<u>222,163</u>	<u>394,177</u>	<u>445,195</u>

10 PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT, NET

		<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
		<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
		<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
		<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Murabaha and other Islamic financing	16	148,142	220,495	229,453	348,299
Ijara financing	17	17,632	1,197	81,199	25,948
Direct write-off, net (recoveries)		1,362	(5,274)	22,789	184
Others		(1,803)	-	(18,219)	6,338
		<u>165,333</u>	<u>216,418</u>	<u>315,222</u>	<u>380,769</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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11 DISTRIBUTION TO DEPOSITORS

	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
	<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>	<i>AED '000</i>
Saving accounts	46,482	41,586	88,889	82,525
Investment accounts	113,814	95,677	213,023	195,066
	160,296	137,263	301,912	277,591

12 BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for the effects of any financial instruments with dilutive effects.

The following reflects the income and shares data used in the earnings per share computations:

	<i>Notes</i>	<i>Three months ended</i>		<i>Six months ended</i>	
		<i>30 June</i>		<i>30 June</i>	
		<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>	<i>2017</i>
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders (AED '000)		572,530	551,312	1,162,702	1,128,239
Less: profit attributable to Tier 1 sukuk					
- Listed (AED '000)	30	(117,079)	(117,079)	(117,079)	(117,079)
Less: profit attributable to Tier 1 sukuk – Government of Abu Dhabi (AED '000)	30	(41,444)	(38,795)	(41,444)	(38,795)
Profit for the period attributable to ordinary shareholders after deducting profit relating to Tier 1 sukuk (AED '000)		414,007	395,438	1,004,179	972,365
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (000's)		3,168,000	3,168,000	3,168,000	3,168,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (AED)		0.131	0.125	0.317	0.307

The Bank does not have any instruments which would have a dilutive impact on earnings per share when converted or exercised. Profit on Tier 1 sukuk is reflected in the EPS computation on the payment of such profit.

Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank PJSC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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13 CASH AND BALANCES WITH CENTRAL BANKS

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Cash on hand	1,680,118	1,993,397
Balances with central banks:		
- Current accounts	682,045	1,694,913
- Statutory reserve	12,234,740	11,475,757
- Islamic certificate of deposits	<u>5,815,276</u>	<u>6,303,138</u>
	<u>20,412,179</u>	<u>21,467,205</u>

The Bank is required to maintain statutory reserves with the Central Bank of the UAE, Iraq and Sudan on demand, time and other deposits. The statutory reserves are not available for use in the Bank's day-to-day operations and cannot be withdrawn without the approval of the Central Bank. Cash on hand and current accounts are not profit-bearing. Islamic certificate of deposits are profit bearing, which is based on entering into international commodities Murabaha transaction in which Central Bank of the UAE is the buyer and the Bank is the seller.

The distribution of the cash and balances with central banks by geographic region is as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
UAE	19,303,321	19,944,008
Rest of the Middle East	1,033,742	1,300,979
Europe	777	1,063
Others	<u>74,339</u>	<u>221,155</u>
	<u>20,412,179</u>	<u>21,467,205</u>

14 BALANCES AND WAKALA DEPOSITS WITH ISLAMIC BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Current accounts	436,533	831,167
Wakala deposits	<u>2,203,424</u>	<u>1,934,736</u>
	2,639,957	2,765,903
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(17,243)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>2,622,714</u>	<u>2,765,903</u>

In accordance with Shari'a principles, deposits are invested only with Islamic financial institutions. The Bank does not earn profits on current accounts with banks and financial institutions.

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14 BALANCES AND WAKALA DEPOSITS WITH ISLAMIC BANKS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS continued

The distribution of the balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions by geographic region is as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
UAE	964,577	684,125
Rest of the Middle East	156,945	274,483
Europe	102,699	163,146
Others	<u>1,415,736</u>	<u>1,644,149</u>
	<u>2,639,957</u>	<u>2,765,903</u>

15 MURABAHA AND MUDARABA WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Murabaha	1,534,686	2,125,249
Mudaraba	<u>38,321</u>	-
	1,573,007	2,125,249
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(53)</u>	-
	<u>1,572,954</u>	<u>2,125,249</u>

In accordance with Shari'a principles, Mudaraba are with Islamic financial institutions or provided for the activities that are entirely Sharia' compliant.

The distribution of the gross murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions by geographic region is as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
UAE	1,366,813	1,957,846
Rest of the Middle East	167,873	167,403
Others	<u>38,321</u>	-
	<u>1,573,007</u>	<u>2,125,249</u>

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16 MURABAHA AND OTHER ISLAMIC FINANCING

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Vehicle murabaha	6,092,981	6,437,197
Goods murabaha	5,119,693	5,473,305
Share murabaha	16,970,918	17,359,249
Commodities murabaha – Al Khair	8,238,988	7,965,182
Islamic covered cards (murabaha)	16,336,787	16,558,534
Other murabaha	<u>1,857,301</u>	<u>1,643,377</u>
Total murabaha	54,616,668	55,436,844
Mudaraba	40,487	46,681
Istisna'a	122,083	130,322
Other financing receivables	<u>328,841</u>	<u>281,810</u>
Total murabaha and other Islamic financing	55,108,079	55,895,657
Less: deferred income on murabaha	<u>(20,378,093)</u>	<u>(20,750,205)</u>
	34,729,986	35,145,452
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(2,177,914)</u>	<u>(1,896,137)</u>
	<u>32,552,072</u>	<u>33,249,315</u>
Total of impaired Murabaha and other Islamic financing	<u>2,418,727</u>	<u>2,036,283</u>

The movement in the provision for impairment during the period was as follows:

	<i>IFRS 9 (ECL) 30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 – IAS 39</i>		
		<i>Individual impairment AED '000</i>	<i>Collective impairment AED '000</i>	<i>Total AED '000</i>
At the beginning of the period – audited (IAS 39)	1,896,137	853,154	968,615	1,821,769
Transition adjustment for IFRS 9	<u>210,804</u>	-	-	-
At the beginning of the period – adjusted (IFRS 9)	2,106,941	853,154	968,615	1,821,769
Charge for the period (note 10)	229,453	652,146	9,226	661,372
Other adjustments	-	-	(124,900)	(124,900)
Written off during the period	<u>(158,480)</u>	<u>(462,104)</u>	-	<u>(462,104)</u>
At the end of the period	<u>2,177,914</u>	<u>1,043,196</u>	<u>852,941</u>	<u>1,896,137</u>

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16 MURABAHA AND OTHER ISLAMIC FINANCING continued

The distribution of the gross murabaha and other Islamic financing by industry sector and geographic region was as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Industry sector:		
Public sector	566,094	981,415
Corporates	3,675,712	3,855,948
Financial institutions	253,314	234,315
Individuals	29,696,985	29,399,301
Small and medium enterprises	<u>537,881</u>	<u>674,473</u>
	<u>34,729,986</u>	<u>35,145,452</u>
Geographic region:		
UAE	33,375,378	33,885,343
Rest of the Middle East	842,466	783,768
Europe	372,363	210,679
Others	<u>139,779</u>	<u>265,662</u>
	<u>34,729,986</u>	<u>35,145,452</u>

17 IJARA FINANCING

This represents net investment in assets leased for periods which either approximate or cover major parts of the estimated useful lives of such assets. The documentation includes a separate undertaking from the Bank to sell the leased assets to the lessee upon the maturity of the lease.

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
The aggregate future lease receivables are as follows:		
Due within one year	7,655,378	8,636,632
Due in the second to fifth year	22,560,977	21,876,793
Due after five years	<u>34,445,356</u>	<u>32,682,754</u>
Total ijara financing	64,661,711	63,196,179
Less: deferred income	<u>(19,769,547)</u>	<u>(18,591,636)</u>
Net present value of minimum lease payments receivable	44,892,164	44,604,543
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(1,140,898)</u>	<u>(1,324,224)</u>
	<u>43,751,266</u>	<u>43,280,319</u>
Total of impaired ijara financing	<u>1,964,556</u>	<u>1,977,285</u>

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17 IJARA FINANCING continued

The movement in the provision for impairment during the period was as follows:

	IFRS 9 (ECL) 30 June 2018 AED '000	<i>Audited</i> <i>31 December 2017 – IAS 39</i>		
		<i>Individual</i> <i>impairment</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Collective</i> <i>impairment</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Total</i> <i>AED '000</i>
At the beginning of the period – audited (IAS 39)	1,324,224	409,186	927,708	1,336,894
Transition adjustment for IFRS 9	(258,406)	-	-	-
At the beginning of the period – adjusted (IFRS 9)	1,065,818	409,186	927,708	1,336,894
Charge (reversal) for the period (note 10)	81,199	172,101	(67,535)	104,566
Written off during the period	(6,119)	(117,236)	-	(117,236)
At the end of the period	<u>1,140,898</u>	<u>464,051</u>	<u>860,173</u>	<u>1,324,224</u>

The distribution of the gross ijara financing by industry sector and geographic region was as follows:

	30 June 2018 AED '000	<i>Audited</i> <i>31 December</i> <i>2017</i> <i>AED '000</i>
Industry sector:		
Government	752,892	752,339
Public sector	4,781,325	4,480,814
Corporates	18,394,740	18,708,191
Individuals	20,718,486	20,366,863
Small and medium enterprises	171,577	188,355
Non-profit organisations	73,144	107,981
	<u>44,892,164</u>	<u>44,604,543</u>
Geographic region:		
UAE	43,134,288	42,668,353
Rest of the Middle East	915,238	1,025,203
Europe	382,241	386,656
Others	460,397	524,331
	<u>44,892,164</u>	<u>44,604,543</u>

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18 INVESTMENT IN ISLAMIC SUKUK MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Sukuk	<u>9,817,473</u>	<u>10,052,028</u>

The distribution of the gross investments by geographic region was as follows:

UAE	7,267,249	7,443,468
Rest of the Middle East	1,323,509	1,365,455
Europe	-	100,372
Others	<u>1,248,582</u>	<u>1,155,535</u>
	<u>9,839,340</u>	<u>10,064,830</u>

19 INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
<i>Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss</i>		
Quoted investments		
Sukuk	<u>1,829,909</u>	<u>1,377,491</u>
<i>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>		
Quoted investments		
Equities	40,647	42,307
Sukuk	<u>1,058,163</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>1,098,810</u>	<u>42,307</u>
Unquoted investments		
Funds	50,896	53,619
Private equities	<u>60,030</u>	<u>53,073</u>
	<u>110,926</u>	<u>106,692</u>
	<u>1,209,736</u>	<u>148,999</u>
	3,039,645	1,526,490
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(3,069)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>3,036,576</u>	<u>1,526,490</u>

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19 INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE continued

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
The distribution of the gross investments by geographic region was as follows:		
UAE	1,914,330	915,534
Rest of the Middle East	146,456	89,221
Europe	99,470	170
Others	<u>879,389</u>	<u>521,565</u>
	<u>3,039,645</u>	<u>1,526,490</u>

20 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Investment in associates and joint ventures	<u>1,003,120</u>	<u>988,788</u>
The movement in the provision for impairment during the period was as follows:		
At the beginning of the period	15,156	-
Charge for the period	<u>-</u>	<u>15,156</u>
At the end of the period	<u>15,156</u>	<u>15,156</u>

Details of the Bank's investment in associates and joint ventures at 30 June is as follows:

	<i>Place of incorporation</i>	<i>Proportion of ownership interest</i>		<i>Principal activity</i>
		<i>2018 %</i>	<i>2017 %</i>	
Associates				
Abu Dhabi National Takaful PJSC	UAE	42	42	Islamic insurance
Bosna Bank International D.D	Bosnia	27	27	Islamic banking
The Residential REIT (IC) Limited	UAE	30	-	Real estate fund
Joint ventures				
Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank – Egypt (S.A.E.)	Egypt	49	49	Banking (under conversion to Islamic bank)
Saudi Finance Company CSJC	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	51	51	Islamic retail finance
Arab Link Money Transfer PSC (under liquidation)	UAE	51	51	Currency exchange
Abu Dhabi Islamic Merchant Acquiring Company LLC	UAE	51	51	Merchant acquiring

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21 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The movement in investment properties balance during the period was as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Cost:		
Balance at the beginning of the period	1,161,268	1,291,643
Disposals	<u>-</u>	<u>(130,375)</u>
Gross balance at the end of the period	1,161,268	1,161,268
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(24,737)</u>	<u>(24,737)</u>
Net balance at the end of the period	<u>1,136,531</u>	<u>1,136,531</u>
Accumulated depreciation:		
Balance at the beginning of the period	43,148	55,464
Charge for the period	3,232	9,345
Relating to disposals	<u>-</u>	<u>(21,661)</u>
Balance at the end of the period	<u>46,380</u>	<u>43,148</u>
Net book value at the end of the period	<u>1,090,151</u>	<u>1,093,383</u>

The property rental income earned by the Group from its investment properties, that are leased out under operating leases, amounted to AED 5,252 thousand (30 June 2017: AED 7,684 thousand) for the six months period ended 30 June 2018.

The movement in provision for impairment during the period was as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Balance at the beginning of the period	24,737	28,188
Charge for the period	-	462
Relating to disposal	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,913)</u>
Balance at the end of the period	<u>24,737</u>	<u>24,737</u>

The distribution of investment properties by geographic region was as follows:

UAE	1,106,674	1,109,906
Rest of the Middle East	<u>8,214</u>	<u>8,214</u>
	<u>1,114,888</u>	<u>1,118,120</u>

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22 DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Development properties	<u>837,381</u>	<u>837,381</u>

Development properties include land with a carrying value of AED 800,000 thousand (2017: AED 800,000 thousand) pertaining to a subsidiary of the Bank.

All development properties are located in the UAE.

23 OTHER ASSETS

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Advances against purchase of properties	54,423	53,071
Acceptances	453,952	418,157
Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	207,825	186,825
Trade receivables	269,311	301,347
Prepaid expenses	1,024,528	698,478
Accrued profit	156,438	149,256
Advance to contractors	42,939	47,837
Advance for investment	183,625	183,625
Others	<u>1,386,563</u>	<u>1,459,667</u>
	3,779,604	3,498,263
Less: provision for impairment	<u>(35,286)</u>	<u>(34,745)</u>
	<u>3,744,318</u>	<u>3,463,518</u>

Assets acquired in exchange for claims in order to achieve an orderly realization are recorded as "Assets acquired in satisfaction of claims". The asset acquired is recorded at the lower of its fair value less costs to sell and the carrying amount of the claim (net of provision for impairment) at the date of exchange.

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24 GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLES

	<i>Goodwill</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Other intangible assets</i>		<i>Total</i> <i>AED '000</i>
		<i>Customer relationships</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Core deposit</i> <i>AED '000</i>	
At 1 January 2018 - audited	109,888	212,757	42,698	365,343
Amortisation during the period	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,613)</u>	<u>(4,538)</u>	<u>(27,151)</u>
At 30 June 2018 - unaudited	<u>109,888</u>	<u>190,144</u>	<u>38,160</u>	<u>338,192</u>
At 1 January 2017 - audited	109,888	258,397	51,851	420,136
Amortisation during the year	<u>-</u>	<u>(45,640)</u>	<u>(9,153)</u>	<u>(54,793)</u>
At 31 December 2017 - audited	<u>109,888</u>	<u>212,757</u>	<u>42,698</u>	<u>365,343</u>

Goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Bank's operating divisions which represent the lowest level within the Bank at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

Other intangible assets

Customer relationships Customer relationship intangible asset represents the value attributable to the business expected to be generated from customers that existed at the acquisition date. In determining the fair value of customer relationships, covered cards customers were considered separately, given their differing risk profiles, relationships and loyalty. The relationships are expected to generate material recurring income in the form of customer revenues, fees and commissions.

Core deposit The value of core deposit intangible asset arises from the fact that the expected profit distribution on these deposits, governed by their contractual terms, are expected to be lower than other wholesale or treasury sukuk instruments' expected profit distributions. The spread between the expected profit distributions on these deposits and sukuk instruments represents the value of the core deposit intangible.

25 DUE TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	<i>30 June</i> <i>2018</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Audited</i> <i>31 December</i> <i>2017</i> <i>AED '000</i>
Current accounts	810,637	1,538,954
Investment deposits	<u>1,345,094</u>	<u>2,149,604</u>
	2,155,731	3,688,558
Current account – Central Bank of UAE	<u>33,319</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>2,189,050</u>	<u>3,688,558</u>

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26 DEPOSITORS' ACCOUNTS

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Current accounts	33,479,747	32,738,664
Investment accounts	67,142,640	66,743,153
Profit equalisation reserve	<u>561,995</u>	<u>521,802</u>
	<u>101,184,382</u>	<u>100,003,619</u>

The movement in the profit equalisation reserve during the period was as follows:

At the beginning of the period	521,802	454,419
Share of profit for the period	<u>40,193</u>	<u>67,383</u>
At the end of the period	<u>561,995</u>	<u>521,802</u>

The distribution of the gross depositors' accounts by industry sector was as follows:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Government	7,506,300	6,648,994
Public sector	8,675,812	8,318,185
Corporates	13,699,192	14,965,482
Financial institutions	1,318,776	1,449,801
Individuals	55,481,795	54,269,920
Small and medium enterprises	11,961,266	11,832,026
Non-profit organisations	<u>2,541,241</u>	<u>2,519,211</u>
	<u>101,184,382</u>	<u>100,003,619</u>

The Bank invests all of its investment accounts including saving accounts, adjusted for UAE, Iraq and Sudan Central Bank reserve requirements and the Group's liquidity requirements.

With respect to investment deposits, the Bank is liable only in case of misconduct, negligence or breach of contract otherwise it is on the account of the fund's provider (Rab Al Mal) or the principal (the Muwakkil).

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27 OTHER LIABILITIES

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Accounts payable	405,831	432,385
Acceptances	453,952	418,157
Accrued profit for distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	162,249	285,485
Bankers' cheques	365,051	365,415
Provision for staff benefits and other expenses	349,222	387,896
Retentions payable	21,187	63,483
Advances from customers	148,611	136,890
Accrued expenses	379,115	205,613
Unclaimed dividends	109,815	110,841
Deferred income	150,276	163,054
Charity account	1,927	4,905
Donation account	34,586	13,523
Negative fair value of Shari'a compliant alternatives of derivative financial instruments	9,484	4,901
Others	<u>432,256</u>	<u>419,710</u>
	<u>3,023,562</u>	<u>3,012,258</u>

28 SHARE CAPITAL

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
<i>Authorised share capital:</i>		
4,000,000 thousand (2017: 4,000,000 thousand) ordinary shares of AED 1 each (2017: AED 1 each)	<u>4,000,000</u>	<u>4,000,000</u>
<i>Issued and fully paid share capital:</i>		
3,168,000 thousand (2017: 3,168,000 thousand) ordinary shares of AED 1 each (2017: AED 1 each)	<u>3,168,000</u>	<u>3,168,000</u>

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30 June 2018 (Unaudited)

29 OTHER RESERVES

	<i>Cumulative changes in fair values AED '000</i>	<i>Land revaluation reserve AED '000</i>	<i>Foreign currency translation reserve AED '000</i>	<i>Hedging reserve AED '000</i>	<i>Total AED '000</i>
At 1 January 2018 - audited	(161,269)	192,700	(769,732)	(4,881)	(743,182)
Transition adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9	<u>21,979</u>	-	-	-	<u>21,979</u>
At 1 January 2018 - revised	(139,290)	192,700	(769,732)	(4,881)	(721,203)
Net movement in valuation of investment carried at FVTOCI	(1,693)	-	-	-	(1,693)
Net movement in valuation of investment in Islamic sukuk carried at FVTOCI	(25,264)	-	-	-	(25,264)
Net fair value changes for investment in Islamic sukuk carried at FVTOCI released to income statement (note 6)	(8,045)	-	-	-	(8,045)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations, net	-	-	(78,274)	-	(78,274)
Gain on hedge of foreign operations	-	-	8,369	-	8,369
Fair value loss on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	(2,954)	(2,954)
At 30 June 2018 - unaudited	<u>(174,292)</u>	<u>192,700</u>	<u>(839,637)</u>	<u>(7,835)</u>	<u>(829,064)</u>
At 1 January 2017 - audited	(163,080)	192,700	(711,664)	(1,724)	(683,768)
Net movement in valuation of investment carried at FVTOCI	(177)	-	-	-	(177)
Loss on disposal of investments carried at FVTOCI	177	-	-	-	177
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations, net	-	-	(22,302)	-	(22,302)
Loss on hedge of foreign operations	-	-	(18,403)	-	(18,403)
Fair value gain on cash flow hedges	-	-	-	<u>1,841</u>	<u>1,841</u>
At 30 June 2017 - unaudited	<u>(163,080)</u>	<u>192,700</u>	<u>(752,369)</u>	<u>117</u>	<u>(722,632)</u>

30 TIER 1 SUKUK

	30 June 2018 AED '000	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
Tier 1 sukuk – Listed	3,672,500	3,672,500
Tier 1 sukuk – Government of Abu Dhabi	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>
	<u>5,672,500</u>	<u>5,672,500</u>

30 TIER 1 SUKUK continued

Tier 1 sukuk – Listed

On 19 November 2012, the Bank through a Shari'a compliant sukuk arrangement has issued Tier 1 sukuk – Listed (the "Sukuk") amounting to AED 3,672,500 thousand (USD 1 billion). This Sukuk was issued under the authorities approved by the shareholders of the Bank in the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 21 October 2012. Issuance costs amounting to AED 37,281 thousand were incurred at the time of issuance.

This Sukuk is a perpetual security in respect of which there is no fixed redemption date and constitute direct, unsecured, subordinated obligations of the Bank subject to the terms and conditions of the mudaraba. The sukuk is listed on the London stock exchange and is callable by the Bank after period ending on 16 October 2018 (the "First Call Date") or any profit payment date thereafter subject to certain conditions. The Sukuk bear an expected mudaraba profit rate of 6.375% payable during the initial period of six years semi-annually in arrears. After the initial period, and for every 6th year thereafter, resets to a new expected mudaraba profit rate based on the then 6 year LIBOR rate plus an expected margin of 5.393%. Profit distributions will be reported in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make any Mudaraba profit distributions as expected and the event is not considered an event of default. If the Bank makes a non-payment election or a non-payment event occurs, then the Bank will not (a) declare or pay any distribution or dividend or (b) redeem, purchase, cancel, reduce or otherwise acquire any of the share capital or any securities of the Bank ranking pari passu with or junior to the Sukuk except securities, the term of which stipulate a mandatory redemption or conversion into equity, in each case unless or until the occurrence of two consecutive expected mudaraba profit distribution.

Tier 1 sukuk – Government of Abu Dhabi

On 16 April 2009, under the Government of Abu Dhabi Bank capitalisation programme, the Bank has issued Tier 1 sukuk (the "Sukuk-Gov") to the Department of Finance of the Government of Abu Dhabi, with a principal amount of AED 2,000,000 thousand. Issuance of this Sukuk-Gov was approved by the shareholders of the Bank in the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 22 March 2009.

This Sukuk-Gov is a perpetual security in respect of which there is no fixed redemption date and constitute direct, unsecured, subordinated obligations of the Bank subject to the terms and conditions of the Mudaraba. The Sukuk-Gov is callable by the Bank subject to certain conditions. The Sukuk-Gov bear an expected mudaraba profit rate of 6% payable during the initial period of five years semi-annually in arrears and, after the initial period, bear an expected variable mudaraba profit rate payable of 6 months EIBOR plus an expected margin of 2.3%. Profit distributions will be reported in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

The Bank may, at its sole discretion, elect not to make any Mudaraba profit distributions as expected and the event is not considered an event of default. If the Bank makes a non-payment election or a non-payment event occurs, then the Bank will not (a) declare or pay any distribution or dividend or (b) redeem, purchase, cancel, reduce or otherwise acquire any of the share capital or any securities of the Bank ranking pari passu with or junior to the Sukuk except securities, the term of which stipulate a mandatory redemption or conversion into equity, in each case unless or until the occurrence of two consecutive expected mudaraba profit distribution.

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31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Credit related commitments include commitments to extend Islamic credit facilities, standby letters of credit, guarantees, which are designed to meet the requirements of the Bank's customers.

Commitments to extend Islamic credit facilities represent contractual commitments under Islamic financing contracts. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates, or other termination clauses and normally require the payment of a fee. Since commitments may expire without being drawn upon, the total contract amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements.

Standby letters of credit and guarantees commit the Bank to make payments on behalf of customers contingent upon the failure of the customer to perform under the terms of contracts.

The Bank has the following credit related contingencies, commitments and other capital commitments:

	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
<i>Contingent liabilities</i>		
Letters of credit	2,582,369	3,215,199
Letters of guarantee	<u>7,159,641</u>	<u>8,572,858</u>
	<u>9,742,010</u>	<u>11,788,057</u>
<i>Commitments</i>		
Undrawn facilities commitments	801,019	666,945
Future capital expenditure	125,026	174,699
Investment and development properties	<u>4,384</u>	<u>6,108</u>
	<u>930,429</u>	<u>847,752</u>
	<u>10,672,439</u>	<u>12,635,809</u>

32 COMPLIANCE RISK REVIEW

Given its commitment to best practice governance, in 2014 the Bank appointed external legal counsel to assist in reviewing its compliance with sanctions laws, and its compliance processes generally. The external legal counsel is yet to complete its review, and to the extent that this review assists the Bank in the identification of any additional steps that can be taken to ensure compliance with applicable sanctions laws, the Bank will enhance its processes accordingly. The Bank is continuing its internal review, and it is premature to speculate on any potential impact on the Bank. The Bank will share the outcome of the internal review with the relevant regulator once it is finalized.

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33 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30 June 2018 AED '000	30 June 2017 AED '000
Cash and balances with central banks, short term	4,662,531	6,698,560
Balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions, short term	2,478,588	1,628,442
Murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions, short term	461,474	473,916
Due to financial institutions, short term	(1,124,541)	(3,190,971)
	<u>6,478,052</u>	<u>5,609,947</u>

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the ordinary course of its activities, the Bank enters into transactions with related parties, comprising associates, directors, major shareholders, key management and their related concerns. The Bank obtains collateral, including charges over real estate properties and securities, the extent of which is dependent on the Bank's assessment of the credit risk of the related party. All financial assets are performing and free of any provision for impairment.

Balances and transactions between the Bank and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Bank, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

During the period, significant transactions with related parties included in the interim consolidated income statement were as follows:

	<i>Major shareholder AED '000</i>	<i>Directors AED '000</i>	<i>Associates and joint ventures AED '000</i>	<i>Others AED '000</i>	<i>Total AED '000</i>
30 June 2018 - unaudited					
Income from murabaha, mudaraba and wakala with financial institutions	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>4,900</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>4,900</u>
Income from murabaha, mudaraba, ijara and other Islamic financing from customers	<u>26,091</u>	<u>196</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>41,236</u>	<u>67,523</u>
Fees and commission income, net	<u>—</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>1,005</u>	<u>1,740</u>	<u>2,759</u>
Operating expenses	<u>—</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>216</u>
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	<u>549</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>358</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>965</u>
30 June 2017 - unaudited					
Income from murabaha, mudaraba and wakala with financial institutions	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>7,201</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>7,201</u>
Income from murabaha, mudaraba, ijara and other Islamic financing from customers	<u>30,924</u>	<u>231</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>41,503</u>	<u>72,658</u>
Fees and commission income, net	<u>—</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>2,042</u>	<u>2,160</u>
Operating expenses	<u>—</u>	<u>216</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>216</u>
Distribution to depositors and sukuk holders	<u>90</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>266</u>	<u>179</u>	<u>570</u>

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34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS continued

Profit rates earned on balances and wakala deposits with banks and financial institutions and customer financing extended to related parties during the period has ranged from 0% to 6.1% (2017: 0% to 6.0% per annum).

Profit rates paid on due to financial institution and customers' deposits placed by related parties during the period have ranged from 0% to 0.8% per annum (2017: 0% to 0.8% per annum).

The related party balances included in the interim consolidated statement of financial position were as follows:

	<i>Major shareholder AED '000</i>	<i>Directors AED '000</i>	<i>Associates and joint ventures AED '000</i>	<i>Others AED '000</i>	<i>Total AED '000</i>
30 June 2018 - unaudited					
Balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions	-	-	771,392	-	771,392
Murabaha and mudaraba with financial institutions	-	-	167,723	-	167,723
Murabaha, mudaraba, ijara and other Islamic financing	2,584,703	8,100	-	3,544,695	6,137,498
Other assets	-	-	101,352	191,796	293,148
	<u>2,584,703</u>	<u>8,100</u>	<u>1,040,467</u>	<u>3,736,491</u>	<u>7,369,761</u>
Due to financial institutions	-	-	21,200	-	21,200
Depositors' accounts	67,982	27,672	73,539	47,069	216,262
Other liabilities	116	20	61	8,171	8,368
	<u>68,098</u>	<u>27,692</u>	<u>94,800</u>	<u>55,240</u>	<u>245,830</u>
31 December 2017- audited					
Balances and wakala deposits with Islamic banks and other financial institutions	-	-	918,817	-	918,817
Murabaha and Mudaraba with financial institutions	-	-	167,059	-	167,059
Murabaha, mudaraba, ijara and other Islamic financing	2,611,227	10,060	-	3,476,799	6,098,086
Other assets	-	-	85,933	186,541	272,474
	<u>2,611,227</u>	<u>10,060</u>	<u>1,171,809</u>	<u>3,663,340</u>	<u>7,456,436</u>
Due to financial institutions	-	-	31,019	-	31,019
Depositors' accounts	67,382	24,781	216,824	17,968	326,955
Other liabilities	625	18	29	2,961	3,633
	<u>68,007</u>	<u>24,799</u>	<u>247,872</u>	<u>20,929</u>	<u>361,607</u>

The Bank and its major shareholder jointly own a controlling stake in Abu Dhabi Islamic Bank – Egypt (S.A.E.) ("ADIB-Egypt") and have a formal joint control arrangement for their investment in ADIB-Egypt (note 20).

Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel during the period was as follows:

	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Six months ended 30 June 2017 AED '000</i>
Salaries and other benefits	16,293	17,649
Employees' end of service benefits	1,288	1,781
	<u>17,581</u>	<u>19,430</u>

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS continued

In accordance with the Ministry of Economy and Commerce interpretation of Article 118 of Federal Law No. 8 of 1984 (as amended), Directors' remuneration is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

During 2018, AED 4,900 thousand was paid to Board of Directors pertaining to the year ended 31 December 2017 after the approval by the shareholders in the Annual General Assembly held on 21 March 2018. During 2017, AED 4,900 thousand was paid to Board of Directors pertaining to the year ended 31 December 2016 after the approval by the shareholders in the Annual General Assembly held on 2 April 2017.

35 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports about the components of the Group that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision makers of the Bank in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance. Information reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance is based on following strategic business units offering products and services to the different markets.

Global Retail banking - Principally handling small and medium businesses and individual customers' deposits, providing consumer and commercial murabahat, Ijara, Islamic covered card and funds transfer facilities and trade finance facilities.

Global Wholesale banking – Principally handling financing and other credit facilities and deposits and current accounts for corporate and institutional customers.

Private banking - Principally handling financing and other credit facilities, deposits and current accounts for high net worth individual customers.

Treasury – Principally handling money market, trading and treasury services, as well as the management of the Bank's funding operations by use of investment deposits.

Real estate – Subsidiaries of the Bank handling the acquisition, selling, development and leasing including both land and buildings, management and resale of properties and all associated activities.

Other operations - Other operations comprises mainly of Head Office, subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures other than above categories including unallocated costs.

Management monitors the operating results of the operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss.

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35 SEGMENT INFORMATION continued

	<i>Global Retail banking AED '000</i>	<i>Global Wholesale banking AED '000</i>	<i>Private banking AED '000</i>	<i>Treasury AED '000</i>	<i>Real estate AED '000</i>	<i>Other operations AED '000</i>	<i>Total AED '000</i>
30 June 2018 - unaudited							
Revenue and results							
Segment revenues, net	1,719,756	509,618	71,642	221,358	41,263	165,159	2,728,796
Operating expenses excluding provision for impairment, net	<u>(921,433)</u>	<u>(194,141)</u>	<u>(30,781)</u>	<u>(23,077)</u>	<u>(39,422)</u>	<u>(41,677)</u>	<u>(1,250,531)</u>
Operating profit	798,323	315,477	40,861	198,281	1,841	123,482	1,478,265
Provision for impairment, net	<u>(140,123)</u>	<u>(86,488)</u>	<u>(2,833)</u>	<u>4,805</u>	-	<u>(90,583)</u>	<u>(315,222)</u>
Profit for the period	<u>658,200</u>	<u>228,989</u>	<u>38,028</u>	<u>203,086</u>	<u>1,841</u>	<u>32,899</u>	<u>1,163,043</u>
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	(341)	(341)
Profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Bank	<u>658,200</u>	<u>228,989</u>	<u>38,028</u>	<u>203,086</u>	<u>1,841</u>	<u>32,558</u>	<u>1,162,702</u>
Assets							
Segmental assets	<u>57,518,097</u>	<u>30,501,100</u>	<u>3,410,571</u>	<u>21,723,085</u>	<u>2,659,059</u>	<u>7,126,236</u>	<u>122,938,148</u>
Liabilities							
Segmental liabilities	<u>65,014,956</u>	<u>25,622,364</u>	<u>3,535,321</u>	<u>8,436,798</u>	<u>312,443</u>	<u>3,475,112</u>	<u>106,396,994</u>
30 June 2017 - unaudited							
Revenue and results							
Segment revenues, net	1,685,834	605,165	68,053	265,101	48,829	109,116	2,782,098
Operating expenses excluding provision for impairment, net	<u>(871,685)</u>	<u>(196,990)</u>	<u>(27,512)</u>	<u>(20,551)</u>	<u>(40,261)</u>	<u>(115,257)</u>	<u>(1,272,256)</u>
Operating profit	814,149	408,175	40,541	244,550	8,568	(6,141)	1,509,842
Provision for impairment, net	<u>(286,772)</u>	<u>(77,010)</u>	<u>(2,161)</u>	-	-	<u>(14,826)</u>	<u>(380,769)</u>
Profit (loss) for the period	<u>527,377</u>	<u>331,165</u>	<u>38,380</u>	<u>244,550</u>	<u>8,568</u>	<u>(20,967)</u>	<u>1,129,073</u>
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	(834)	(834)
Profit (loss) for the period attributable to equity holders of the Bank	<u>527,377</u>	<u>331,165</u>	<u>38,380</u>	<u>244,550</u>	<u>8,568</u>	<u>(21,801)</u>	<u>1,128,239</u>
31 December 2017 - audited							
Assets							
Segmental assets	<u>56,883,659</u>	<u>32,278,505</u>	<u>3,031,995</u>	<u>21,051,686</u>	<u>2,632,381</u>	<u>7,399,373</u>	<u>123,277,599</u>
Liabilities							
Segmental liabilities	<u>61,838,840</u>	<u>26,152,414</u>	<u>3,362,854</u>	<u>11,788,985</u>	<u>300,368</u>	<u>3,260,974</u>	<u>106,704,435</u>

Geographical information

The Group operates in two principal geographic areas that are domestic and international. The United Arab Emirates is designated as domestic area which represents the operations of the Group that originates from the U.A.E. branches, associates and subsidiaries; and international area represents the operations of the Bank that originates from its branches in Iraq, Qatar and Sudan and through its subsidiaries and associates outside U.A.E. Given that, UAE contributes the majority of the revenues and the Group's total assets in UAE represent a significant portion of its total assets and liabilities, hence no further geographical analysis of segment revenues, expenses, operating profit (margin), assets and liabilities is presented.

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36 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO

The Central Bank of UAE ('CBUAE') issued Basel III capital regulations, which came into effect from 1 February 2017 introducing minimum capital requirements at three levels, namely Common Equity Tier 1 ('CET1'), Tier 1 ('T1') and Total Capital.

The capital adequacy ratio as per Basel III capital regulation is given below:

	<i>Basel III</i>	
	<i>30 June 2018 AED '000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED '000</i>
<i>Common Equity Tier 1 (CET 1) Capital</i>		
Share capital	3,168,000	3,168,000
Legal reserve	2,085,788	2,085,788
General reserve	1,694,486	1,694,486
Credit risk reserve	400,000	400,000
Retained earnings	4,248,170	3,280,191
Foreign currency translation reserve	<u>(807,648)</u>	<u>(737,565)</u>
	10,788,796	9,890,900
<i>Regulatory deductions:</i>		
Goodwill and intangibles	(338,192)	(292,274)
Cumulative changes in fair value and hedging reserve	<u>(124,019)</u>	<u>(87,142)</u>
	10,326,585	9,511,484
<i>Threshold deductions:</i>		
Significant minority investments	<u>(320,321)</u>	<u>(220,400)</u>
Total Common Equity Tier 1	<u>10,006,264</u>	<u>9,291,084</u>
<i>Additional Tier 1 (AT 1) Capital</i>		
Tier 1 sukuk	5,672,500	5,672,500
Regulatory and threshold deductions for additional Tier 1 capital	<u>(367,250)</u>	<u>(74,977)</u>
Total Additional Tier 1	<u>5,305,250</u>	<u>5,597,523</u>
Total Tier 1 capital	<u>15,311,514</u>	<u>14,888,607</u>
<i>Tier 2 capital</i>		
Collective impairment provision for financing assets	1,064,617	1,092,279
Regulatory and threshold deductions for Tier 2 capital	<u>-</u>	<u>(74,977)</u>
Total Tier 2	<u>1,064,617</u>	<u>1,017,302</u>
Total capital base	<u>16,376,131</u>	<u>15,905,909</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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36 CAPITAL ADEQUACY RATIO continued

	<i>Basel III</i>	
	<i>30 June 2018 AED'000</i>	<i>Audited 31 December 2017 AED'000</i>
<i>Risk weighted assets</i>		
Credit risk	85,169,332	87,382,347
Market risk	2,256,125	2,211,598
Operational risk	<u>9,887,839</u>	<u>9,259,729</u>
Total risk weighted assets	<u>97,313,296</u>	<u>98,853,674</u>
<i>Capital ratios</i>		
Total regulatory capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted assets	<u>16.83%</u>	<u>16.09%</u>
Total Tier 1 regulatory capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted assets	<u>15.74%</u>	<u>15.06%</u>
Common Equity Tier 1 capital expressed as a percentage of total risk weighted assets	<u>10.28%</u>	<u>9.40%</u>

37 DIVIDENDS

During 2018, cash dividend of 28.87% of the paid up capital relating to year ended 31 December 2017 amounting to AED 914,530 thousand has been paid after the approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Assembly held on 21 March 2018.

During 2017, cash dividend of 24.52% of the paid up capital relating to year ended 31 December 2016 amounting to AED 776,782 thousand has been paid after the approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Assembly held on 2 April 2017.

38 SEASONALITY OF RESULTS

The nature of Group's business is such that the income and expenditure are incurred in a manner, which is not impacted by any forms of seasonality. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements were prepared based upon accrual concept, which requires income and expenses to be recorded as earned or incurred and not as received or paid throughout the period.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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39 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value measurement recognized in the interim consolidated statement of financial position

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instrument by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities).

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

	<i>Level 1</i> AED '000	<i>Level 2</i> AED '000	<i>Level 3</i> AED '000	<i>Total</i> AED '000
30 June 2018 - unaudited				
Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:				
Financial assets				
<i>Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss</i>				
<i>Quoted investments</i>				
Sukuk	<u>1,829,909</u>	-	-	<u>1,829,909</u>
	<u>1,829,909</u>	-	-	<u>1,829,909</u>
<i>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>				
<i>Quoted investments</i>				
Equities	40,647	-	-	40,647
Sukuk	<u>1,058,163</u>	-	-	<u>1,058,163</u>
	<u>1,098,810</u>	-	-	<u>1,098,810</u>
<i>Unquoted investments</i>				
Funds	-	-	50,896	50,896
Private equities	-	-	<u>60,030</u>	<u>60,030</u>
	<u>1,098,810</u>	-	<u>110,926</u>	<u>1,209,736</u>
	<u>2,928,719</u>	-	<u>110,926</u>	<u>3,039,645</u>
Financial liabilities				
Shari'a compliant alternatives of swap (note 27)	-	<u>9,484</u>	-	<u>9,484</u>
Assets for which fair values are disclosed:				
Investment properties	-	-	<u>1,334,262</u>	<u>1,334,262</u>
Investment carried at amortised cost- Sukuk	<u>9,630,443</u>	-	-	<u>9,630,443</u>

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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39 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS continued

Fair value measurement recognized in the interim consolidated statement of financial position continued

	<i>Level 1</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Level 2</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Level 3</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Total</i> <i>AED '000</i>
<i>31 December 2017- audited</i>				
Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:				
Financial assets				
<i>Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss</i>				
Sukuk	<u>1,377,491</u>	-	-	<u>1,377,491</u>
	<u>1,377,491</u>	-	-	<u>1,377,491</u>
<i>Investments carried at fair value through other comprehensive income</i>				
<i>Quoted investments</i>				
Equities	<u>42,307</u>	-	-	<u>42,307</u>
<i>Unquoted investments</i>				
Funds	-	-	53,619	53,619
Private equities	-	-	<u>53,073</u>	<u>53,073</u>
	-	-	<u>106,692</u>	<u>106,692</u>
	<u>42,307</u>	-	<u>106,692</u>	<u>148,999</u>
Financial liabilities				
Shari'a compliant alternatives of swap (note 27)	-	<u>4,901</u>	-	<u>4,901</u>
Assets for which fair values are disclosed:				
Investment properties	-	-	<u>1,334,262</u>	<u>1,334,262</u>
Investment carried at amortised cost- Sukuk	<u>10,104,476</u>	-	<u>264,000</u>	<u>10,368,476</u>

There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during the current period (2017: quoted equity investments amounting to AED 41,362 thousand were transferred from level 3 to level 1).

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing amount of level 3 of financial assets which are recorded at fair value:

	<i>30 June</i> <i>2018</i> <i>AED '000</i>	<i>Audited</i> <i>31 December</i> <i>2017</i> <i>AED '000</i>
At the beginning of the period	106,692	132,698
Transfer to level 1	-	(41,362)
Net purchase	4,234	13,940
Gain recorded in equity	<u>-</u>	<u>1,416</u>
At the end of the period	<u>110,926</u>	<u>106,692</u>